

Climate Splinter: Relation involving international bodies

Mark Dowell European Commission – Joint Research Centre

Splinter 9



ACRONYM soup IPCC GEO OCCG CGM CEOS GFCS CR-VC //CRP Lots of "OS" – bones (?!)



- •1990 IPCC Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change. **SCIENCE**
- <u>2000 GCOS Global Climate Observing System.</u>

OBSERVATIONS

- •2010 GFCS- Global Framework for Climate Services. SERVICES
- •These programmes report directly to the United Nations Framework on Climate Change (UNFCCC) and there Parties are expected to support them.

International coordination Global Ocean Colour Meeting 2013 **Observations**

EU Capacity Study: Request by Space Council





"Coordinate and encourage collaborative activities between the world's major space agencies in the area of climate monitoring"











Global Framework for Climate Services

Observation

and Monitorin

User Interface

Climate Services Information System

CAPACITY BUILDING

Research, Modeling

and Prediction

Requirements

GROUP ON



Table 1: Essential Climate Variables that are both currently feasible for global implementation and have a high impact on UNFCCC requirements

Domain	Essential Climate Variables				
	Surface: ⁸	Air temperature, Wind speed and direction, Water vapour, Pressure, Precipitation, Surface radiation budget.			
Atmospheric (over land, sea and ice)	Upper-air: ⁹	Temperature, Wind speed and direction, Water vapour, Cloud properties, Earth radiation budget (including solar irradiance).			
	Composition:	Carbon dioxide, Methane, and other long-lived greenhouse gases ¹⁰ , Ozone and Aerosol, supported by their precursors ¹¹			
Oceanic	Surface: ¹²	Sea-surface temperature, Sea-surface salinity, Sea level, Sea state, Sea ice, Surface current, Ocean colour, Carbon dioxide partial			
	Sub-surface:	pressure, Ocean acidity, Phytoplankton. Temperature, Salinity, Current, Nutrients, Carbon dioxide partial pressure, Ocean acidity, Oxygen, Tracers.			
Terrestrial	River discharge, Water use, Groundwater, Lakes, Snow cover, Glaciers and ice caps, Ice sheets, Permafrost, Albedo, Land cover (including vegetation type), Fraction of absorbed photosynthetically active radiation (FAPAR), Leaf area index (LAI), Above- ground biomass, Soil carbon, Fire disturbance, Soil moisture.				



Advancing Global

- Products, Target Requirements, Benefits 1.
- 2. Rationale
- **Currently Achievable Performance** 3.
- Requirements for satellite instruments and data 4.
- Calibration, Validation and Archiving Needs 5.
- Adequacy and Inadequacy of Current Holdings 6.
- Immediate Actions, Partnerships and International 7. Coordination.

Resolution	Resolution	Resolution	Accuracy	Stability
4km	N/A	Daily	5%*	0.5%
(30km)	N/A	Weekly averages	30%	3%
	GCOS S	atellite Suppler	nent 2011	update
	Resolution 4km 30km T*!	Resolution Resolution 4km N/A 30km N/A GCOS S T*!	Resolution Resolution 4km N/A Daily 30km N/A Weekly averages GCOS Satellite Suppler T*!	Resolution Resolution Accuracy 4km N/A Daily 5%* 30km N/A Weekly averages 30% GCOS Satellite Supplement 2011 T*!



- Why should we care? GCOS provides a process and an explicit set of requirements that space agencies are adopting in implementing their programmes (e.g. ESA CCI, NOAA CDR)
- How could the IOCCG/IOCS community be a catalyst for the definition of OCR ECV requirements?
- IOCS can benefit from the iterative capability of user requirement and product definition and implementation





CEOS Background

- Established in 1984 under auspices of G-7 Economic Summit of Industrialized Nations
 - Focal point for international coordination of space-related Earth Observation (EO) activities
 - Optimize benefits through cooperation of members in mission planning and in development of compatible data products, formats, services, applications, and policies
- Operates through best efforts of Members and Associates via voluntary contributions
- 29 Members (Space Agencies), 21 Associates (UN Agencies, Phase A programs or supporting ground facility programs)
- As the space component of the Global Earth Observation System of Systems (GEOSS), CEOS is implementing high priority actions in support of Group on Earth Observation (GEO) Tasks





Background

- The Ocean Colour Radiometry Virtual Constellation (OCR-VC) will provide long time series of calibrated ocean color radiance (OCR), enable networking to avoid duplication of efforts, and ensure availability of OCR data to benefit everyone
- OCR-VC activities will include Cal/Val, satellite & in-situ data merging, product generation, as well as development and demonstrations of new and improved applications
- An *in situ* complement to the VC is in development, **INSITU-OCR**: The International Network for Sensor InTercomparison and Uncertainty assessment for Ocean Colour Radiometry"

Objectives

The OCR-VC implementation plan includes followings.

- ①Ensure continuity of global OCR data (VIIRS, OLCI, SGLI, OCM-2, GOCI..)
- ② Provide high quality data sets (int' I algorithm development, calibration/validation, data processing/re-processing)
- ③Data harmonization supporting GCOS/ECVs
- (4) Facilitate timely and easy access to data, i.e., user interface
- (5) Capacity building and outreach, supporting training courses of research and applications (the right photo shows an example of the training course)



Ocean Colour provides a global view of the marine biosphere and chemosphere, and contributes to many Societal Benefit Areas: Agriculture, Ecosystems, Climate, Water...



urses of kample of OCR-VC is ded by Mark Dowell (FC / JRC), Paula Bontempi (NASA)

Committee on Earth Observing Satellites Working Group on Climate International Ocean Colour Science Advancing Global Ocean Colour Meeting 2013



WGClimate

WGClimate was endorsed as a full CEOS WG (joining WGISS, WGCV and WGEdu) and will coordinate and encourage collaborative activities between the world's major space agencies in the area of climate monitoring



The Mission of the Working Group Climate (WGClimate) is to facilitate the implementation and exploitation of Essential Climate Variable (ECV) timeseries through coordination of the existing and substantial activities undertaking be CEOS member agencies. This includes the numerous iterative steps involved in the creation of ECVs and ensuring ECV life cycle information is gathered, organized, and preserved for future generations.

Chair of CEOS WGClimate Mark Dowell (EC/JRC) Vice Chair John Bates (NOAA/NCDC)



International Ocean Colour Science Meeting 2013

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ECV Inventory Questionnaire

- Joint activity with CGMS and WMO
- Questionnaire form through a web interface.
- Responses were requested at the dataset level
- Addresses both existing/past missions and future/planned mission in two separate questionnaires

Areas:

- 1. General
- 2. Dataset Usage
- 3. Dataset Stewardship
- 4. Dataset Properties
- 5. Dataset Access

CE S Essential Climate Variable (ECV) Inventory

Home View ECV Records Editor LOGIN Administrator LOGIN

	Search Category Show All	\$
ECV Record Id	CDR_ECV24_2	CDR_ECV14_5
Responder name	Nadine Gobron	CDR_ECV15_1
Responder email	nadine.gobron@jrc.ec.europa.eu	CDR_ECV15_2
Data Set Identifier	JRC-ESA MERIS	CDR_ECV15_4
Responsible organization	ESA	Land
International Coordination	no	CDR_ECV20_1
	ves	- CDR_ECV20_2
Assessment body	CEOS WGCV	CDR_ECV21_1 CDR_ECV21_2
Quality control organization	yes	CDR_ECV21_3
Quality control organization	GCOS	CDR_ECV22_1
Climate applications	Carbon Cycle - Land Surface Dynamics - Drought	CDR_ECV22_2
Essential Climate Variable (ECV)	Maps of the Fraction of Absorbed Photosynthetically Active Radiation	CDR_ECV22_3
Collection organization	ESA	CDR ECV22 5
Calibration organization	ESA	CDR_ECV22_6
Intercalibration organization	ESA	CDR_ECV22_7
FCDR organization	ESA	CDR_ECV23_1
TCDR organization	ESA	CDR_ECV23_2
GCOS Requirements Assessments	F.C.	CDR_ECV24_1
organization		CDR_ECV24_2
Independent peer review organization	EC	CDR_ECV24_3
Archiving organization	ESA	CDR_ECV24_4
User service organization	ESA	CDR ECV24_6
User feedback organization	EC	CDR_ECV25_1
Start date (month/year)	4/2002	CDR_ECV25_2
End date (month/year)	5/2012	CDR_ECV25_3
Commitment end date (year)	05/2012	CDR ECV25 5
Physical quantity	Fractionally absorbed PAR (FPAR)	CDR_ECV27_1
Units		CDR_ECV28_1
		-I CDR ECV28 2

- ECV inventory now contains ~ 220 records
- http://www.ecv-inventory.com

