

Advancing Global Ocean Colour Observations

Breakout 3:

Understanding and Estimating Uncertainty in Ocean Colour Remote Sensing Data and Derived Products

PLENARY REPORT

<u>Co-Chairs</u> Part I – Kevin Turpie (UMBC), Emmanuel Boss (U. Maine), Part II – Stéphane Maritorena (UCSB), Frédéric Melin (JRC ISPRA), Part III – Jeremy Werdell (NASA GSFC)

San Francisco, California USA 16 June 2015

AGENDA

Part I: Theory and overview

14:30-14:45Uncertainty definitions and theory
Kevin Turpie (UMBC)14:45-14:50IOCCG/CEOS/GCOS context
Frédéric Mélin (JRC ISPRA)

Part II: Surface reflectance uncertainty estimation methods

- 14:50-15:00Synthesis of published methods and collocation approach
Frédéric Mélin (JRC ISPRA)15:00-15:10Uncertainties from the Bayesian method
Robert Frouin (UCSD)15:10-15:20Uncertainty propagation
Philippe Goryl (ESA)15:20-15:30Neural networks and Rrs uncertainty
 - Roland Doerffer (Helmholtz Zentrum Geesthacht)

Part III: Derived product uncertainty methods

| 15:30-15:40 | Status report on in situ uncertainties |
|-------------|---|
| | Emmanuel Boss (U. Maine) |
| 15:40-15:50 | Overview of methods for remotely-sensed IOP uncertainties |
| | Suhyb Salama (U. Twente) |
| 15:50-16:00 | Spatial, temporal, and content considerations for Level-3 uncertainties |
| | Tim Moore (U. New Hampshire) |
| | |

16:00-17:15 Moderated Community Discussion





Methods producing spatially-resolved uncertainty estimates for R_{RS}:

- Class-based approach Moore et al. *RSE* 2009, 2015 Jackson et al., *in prep*
- **Bayesian methods** Frouin & Pelletier *RSE* 2015
- Uncertainty propagation
 ESA ATBD
 Neukermans et al. OE 2009, RSE 2012
- Algorithm-based method Hu et al. RSE 2013
- Colocation approach
 Mélin, *IEEE GRSL*, 2010
 Mélin & Franz 2014
 Mélin et al. *RSE* submit
- based on different assumptions, covering different facets of the uncertainty budget

TAKE AWAYS

Matchups are not a measure of uncertainty for ocean. The sample is too small to account for all conditions under which satellite measurements are taken.

There is a wide range of activities in the community, but no clear, goal-oriented direction.

Need clearly defined language for uncertainty. Are GUM and VIM being used universally by the community?

There is some controversy regarding whether or not or how to report uncertainty based on systematic measurement errors.

TAKE AWAYS

Community is still in a mode of exploration, no consensus yet on methodology or metrics.

Space agencies would like to fully quantify uncertainty, but currently can only partially quantify uncertainty (limited resources \rightarrow limited accounting of error sources and effects?).

Uncertainty products that users (modelers) want are not necessarily what space agencies require.

Upcoming OLCI and MERIS reprocessing will use an error propagation scheme (from TOA to surface reflectance). [Bourg and Goryl]

TAKE AWAYS

To first order, validation error can be view as a sum of contributing errors : $\varepsilon_{val} = \varepsilon_{PME} + \varepsilon_{IME} + \varepsilon_{agg} + \varepsilon_{in} + \varepsilon_{s}.$

Need to leverage work done by existing fields (e.g., atmospheric sciences and closure studies).

Need more discussion regarding temporal and spatial variability in uncertainty.

Need additional exploration of propagating R_{rs} uncertainties into bio-optical algorithms.

Need additional exploration of propagating *in situ* measurement uncertainties into bio-optical algorithms.

Need additional exploration of propagating uncertainties from Level-2 to -3 files. What uncertainties should be produced? Do they mean what we think they mean?

Need more exploration of propagating uncertainties from L3 to regional and global time series.