



## Splinter 7: Advances in Hyperspectral Remote Sensing Science

*Co-Chairs:*

*Part I - Kevin Turpie (UMBC GSFC), Cecile Rousseaux (USRA NASA)*

*Part II - Maria Tzortiou (CUNY), Emmanuel Boss (Univ of Maine)*

*Part III - Michelle Gierach (NASA JPL), Sherry Palacios (BAERI ARC)*

## Splinter Agenda:

### **Part I: Hyperspectral Remote Sensing Technology for Aquatic Environments**

08:45-08:50 [Introduction and overview](#) Cecile Rousseaux (USRA, NASA GSFC)

08:50-09:10 [Hyperspectral atmospheric correction](#) Bo-Cai Gao (Naval Research Lab)

09:10-09:30 [IOP and derived products from hyperspectral measurements](#). Steve Ackleson (Naval Research Lab) 09:30-09:45 [Hyperspectral datasets for algorithm development](#) Kevin Turpie (UMBC)

### **Part II: Hyperspectral Science and Applications for Shelf and Open Ocean Processes**

09:45-10:05 [Hyperspectral ocean colour imagery and applications to studies of phytoplankton ecology](#) Astrid Bracher (Alfred Wegener Institute)

10:05-10:25 [Hyperspectral remote sensing and applications to studies of the oceanic carbon pump](#) David Siegel (UCSB)

10:25-10:45 [Benefits and challenges of applying hyperspectral ocean colour imagery to monitor and understand ecological global and synoptic response to climate change](#) Mike Behrenfeld (Oregon State U.)

10:45-11:00 Coffee Break

### **Part III: Hyperspectral Studies of Coastal and Inland Waters**

11:00-11:20 [Hyperspectral remote sensing and application to phytoplankton biodiversity](#) Stewart Bernard (CSIR) 11:20-11:40 [Coral reef colour: Remote and in-situ hyperspectral sensing of reef structure and function](#) Eric Hochberg (BIOS)

11:40-12:00 [Remote sensing of water quality: Can hyperspectral imagery improve public health?](#) Clarissa Anderson (UCSC)

## Key issues

- 1) How will hyperspectral data help to address the driving science questions in your sub-discipline that will guide your community in the coming decade?
- 2) How does 'scale' (e.g., spectral, spatial, and/or temporal) affect your ability to address these science questions? What is the smallest measurement 'scale' needed to address your science?
- 3) What are the common challenges across sub-disciplines in working with hyperspectral data?
- 4) How do we coordinate and integrate common algorithm development efforts?
- 5) Are there any observational or programmatic gaps across the planned hyperspectral missions?
- 6) What other space-based measurements or modeled data, done in parallel to hyperspectral measurements, would you like to have to obtain more out of ocean color?