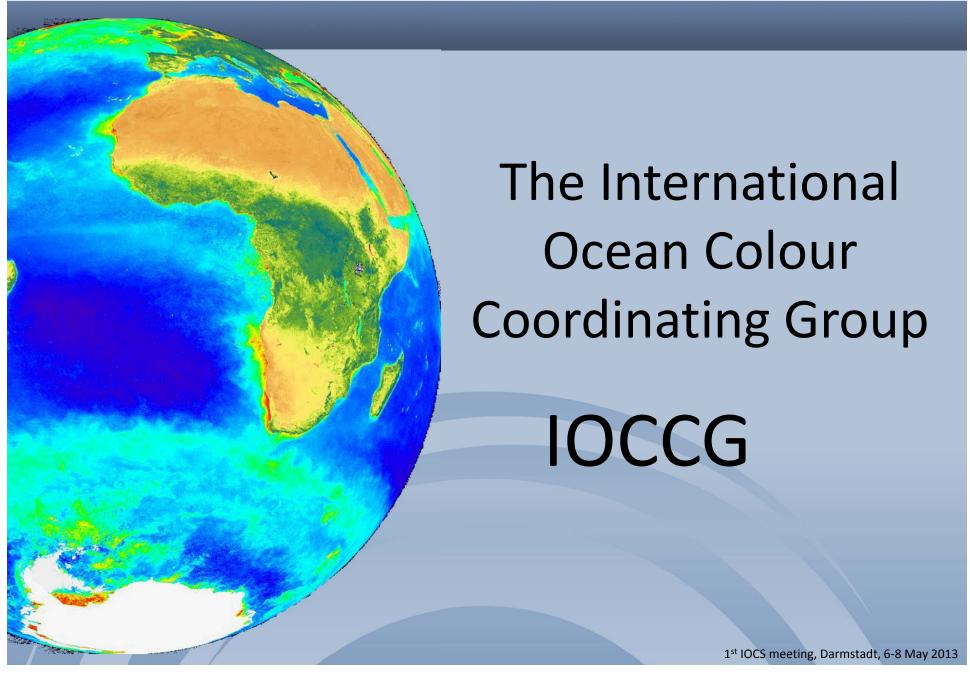
Update on IOCCG activities, IOCS Meeting rationale & overview

David ANTOINE, IOCCG Chair











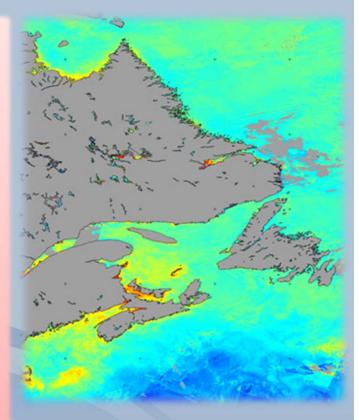


International Ocean Colour Coordinating Group

- ➤ Established in 1996 to promote the application of ocean-colour data at the world scale through coordination, liaison between providers and users, training, advocacy and provision of expert advice
- Project Office at the Bedford Institute of Oceanography, NS, Canada
- Committee consists of:

Space Agency Representatives who contribute financially and carry out the decisions endorsed by the group

Research Scientists who address current research issues and make recommendations



ESA MERIS Chlorophyll, 3-9 Sept 2010 (image courtesy Cesar Fuentes-Yaco, DFO, Canada)







IOCCG Mandate



To provide a common voice for the user community

Liaise with space agencies

Advanced training courses to foster expertise in using ocean-colour data

Facilitate free and open access to ocean-colour data from all agencies

Ensure continuity and quality of the ocean-colour data stream

Advocate the importance of ocean-colour data to the global community (informative website, newsletters, brochures, IOCCG reports...)





IOCCG Sponsors



- NASA (National Aeronautics and Space Administration)
- ESA (European Space Agency)
- JAXA (Japan Aerospace Exploration Agency)
- EUMETSAT (European Organisation for the Exploitation of Meteorological Satellites)
- CNES (Centre National d'Etudes Spatiales, France)
- CSA (Canadian Space Agency)
- NOAA (National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration)
- JRC (Joint Research Centre, EC)
- INPE (National Institute for Space Research, Brazil)
- ISRO (Indian Space Research Organisation)
- KIOST (Korea Institute of Ocean Science and Technology)
- NCEO (National Centre for Earth Observation, UK)
- DFO (Bedford Institute of Oceanography)
- Helmholtz-Zentrum Geesthacht (Germany)

IOCCG Scientific Working Groups

- Investigate various aspects of ocean-colour technology and its applications
- End product publication of an IOCCG Report (13 published to date, plus a handbook).
 Widely cited, definitive works. Available at: www.ioccg.org
- Report 1: Minimum Requirements for an Operational Ocean-Colour Sensor (1998)
- Report 2: Status and Plans for Satellite Ocean-Colour Missions (1999)
- Report 3: Remote Sensing of OC in Coastal and Other Waters (2000)
- Report 4: Ocean-colour, Level-3, binned data products (2004)
- Report 5: Remote Sensing of IOPs: Fundamentals and Algorithms (2006)
- Report 6: Ocean-Colour Data Merging (2007)
- Report 7: Why Ocean Colour? The Societal Benefits of Ocean-Colour Technology (2008)
- Report 8: Remote Sensing in Fisheries and Aquaculture (2009)
- Report 9: Partition of the Ocean into Ecological Provinces (2009)
- Report 10: Atmospheric Correction (2010)
- Report 11: Bio-Optical Sensors on Argo Floats (2011)
- Report 12: Ocean-Colour Observations from a Geostationary Orbit (2012)
- Report 13: Mission Requirements for Future Ocean-Colour Sensors (2012)

Handbook of Satellite Remote Sensing Image Interpretation: Applications for Marine Living Resources Conservation and Management (2011)

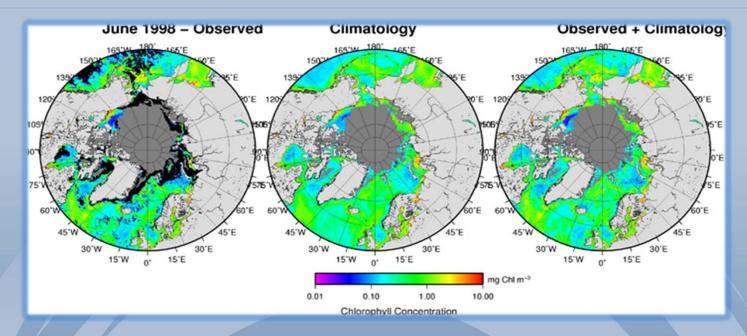






Current IOCCG Working Groups

- 1) Phytoplankton Functional Types (Shubha Sathyendranath, UK)
- 2) Harmful Algal Blooms (IOCCG/GEOHAB Stewart Bernard, South Africa)
- 3) Calibration of Ocean-Colour Sensors (Robert Frouin, USA)
- 4) Ocean Colour Remote Sensing in Polar Seas (Marcel Babin, Canada)
- 5) Uncertainties in Ocean Colour Radiometry (Roland Doerffer, Germany)
- 6) Retrieval algorithms for coastal waters (Kevin Ruddick, Belgium)





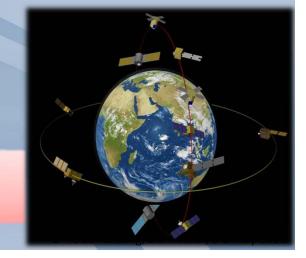


Ocean Colour Radiometry – Virtual Constellation (OCR-VC)

Established by IOCCG through CEOS to provide a long time series of calibrated ocean colour radiances from measurements obtained from multiple satellites.

Goals of the OCR-VC

- 1) To ensure the continuity of the ocean colour time series Climate Data Record
- To provide high quality data sets through a concerted inter-agency effort on activities relating to sensor inter-comparison (INSITU-OCR)
- Data harmonization, support implementation of ECVs (IOCCG Task Force on ECV Assessment)
- Facilitate timely and easy access to data (user interface)
- 5) Capacity building and outreach
- All space agencies on the IOCCG Committee contribute to the OCR-VC









IOCCG Training Initiatives

Introductory courses (applications)

- Theoretical basis of optical radiometry, introduction to processing and using ocean colour data.
- Over 20 courses conducted/co-sponsored around the world.
- Focus on key applications for monitoring and managing the coastal zone, and for protecting marine ecosystems and resources.

High-level training courses (scientific research)

To maintain a highly skilled and trained scientific research community, with the necessary background and expertise to address current critical issues.

- Inversion Methods in Ocean Colour Remote Sensing (Germany, 2009)
- Summer Lecture Series (France, 2012).







This week's meeting

International Ocean Colour Science Meeting

IOCS, 1st edition





IOCS meeting rationale

- Ocean colour scientific communities are differently organized across the World
 - In the US: NASA Ocean Color Research Team Meetings (http://oceancolor.gsfc.nasa.gov/MEETINGS/)
 - In France: a research consortium called "GIS COOC" (http://gis-cooc.org)
 - In Canada: emergence of a Canadian Ocean Colour Network
 - In South America: Antares http://home.antares.ws
 - Others?
- Several space Agencies have launched or plan to launch ocean color sensors
 NASA, NOAA, ESA/EUMETSAT, CNES, JAXA, KORDI/KARI, CNSA, INPE/CONAE
- A number of issues are faced, in terms of calibration (instr. & vicarious), building of long-term time series, data merging, distribution etc....
- These issues exist for all missions, yet each mission responds differently to them
- There is, therefore, a need for more communication / exchange / collaboration etc... among ocean color missions and communities

Hence the IOCS meeting





IOCS meeting rationale

This need for better coordination, exchanges etc... is particularly important when it comes to merging data from multiple missions in view of generating long-term consistent global time series for analyzing climate-driven changes

That's why the overarching theme of the 2013 IOCS meeting is

Building of global, multi-mission, longterm (multi decadal) ocean color time series for climate research





IOCS meeting goals

The IOCS meeting should allow

- Agencies to deliver information about their current and future missions to the scientific community
- Setting up the "big picture" of todays ocean color science (keynotes)
- Providing a forum for discussions on various topics
- Helping IOCCG in its oversight role
- Building / reinforcing our community at global scale
- Enrolling more people into community work than is feasible through the IOCCG meetings and WGs alone
- Producing synthesis documents of interest for the community in question (meeting report)
- Reinforcing our voice when it comes to high-level discussions with agencies





IOCS meeting goals

The IOCS is not another *ocean optics* conference, not another (smaller) ocean sciences meeting etc...

It is a community consultation meeting

(cf. science teams meetings of the GHRSST, the OST-ST, etc ...)

It is a working meeting

It is your meeting





Acknowledgements

Great thanks to:

- NASA and EUMETSAT for their generous support to the 2013 IOCS meeting
- ESA & CNES for their contribution
- All IOCCG sponsoring agencies for their recurrent support
- Venetia Stuart, IOCCG project scientist, for her unremitting help and dedication to IOCCG
- Rowanna Comerford and Sylwia Miechurska, from EUMETSAT, for outstanding efficiency in preparing this meeting
- The IOCS Scientific & Organizing Committees
- The session leads for their help in preparing the agenda

2015 IOCS Meeting

Will be somewhere in the US

