

Breakout Workshop:

Remote sensing of optically complex and shallow waters

Zhongping Lee and Dirk Aurin

Background and Practices:

Colleen Mouw: Overview

Antonio Mannino: “New” water

Chuanmin Hu: Floating algae

Yingcheng Lu: Oil spill

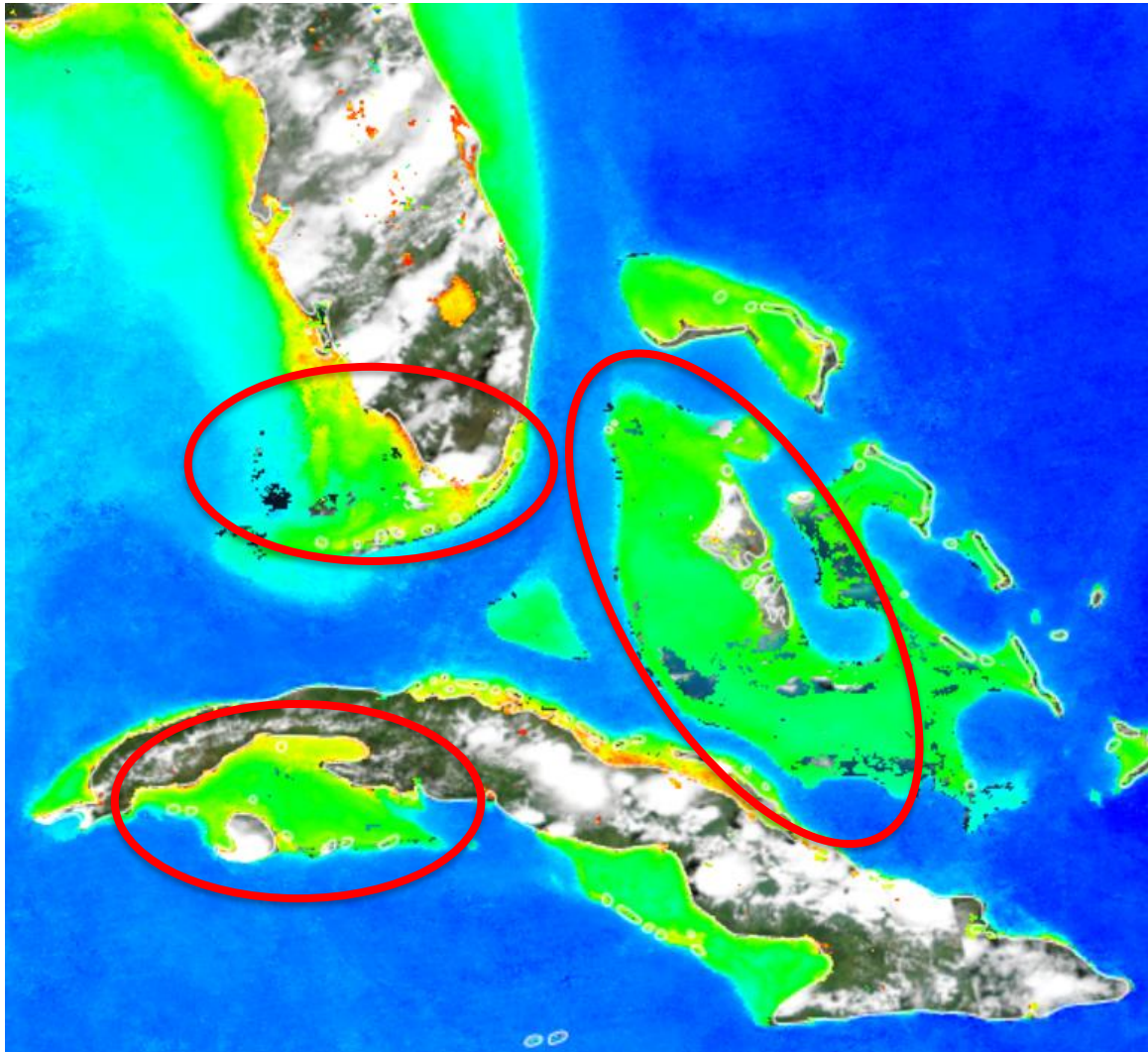
Yongxiang Hu: CALIPSO

Deric Gray: Multi-wavelength Ocean LIDAR

Rodrigo Garcia: Shallow water

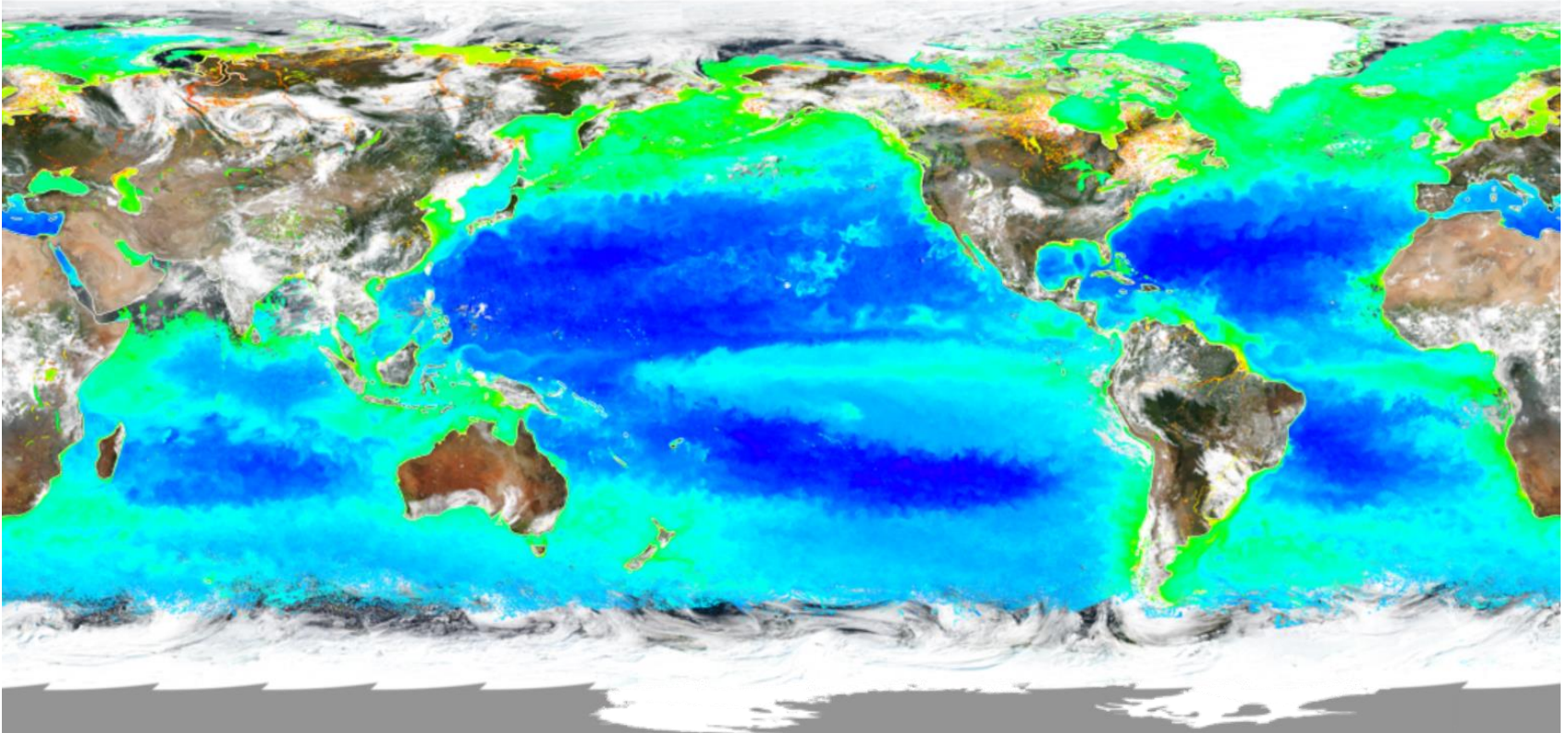
Eric Hochberg: CORAL

The issues and challenges of shallow water:
wrong information and lack of information



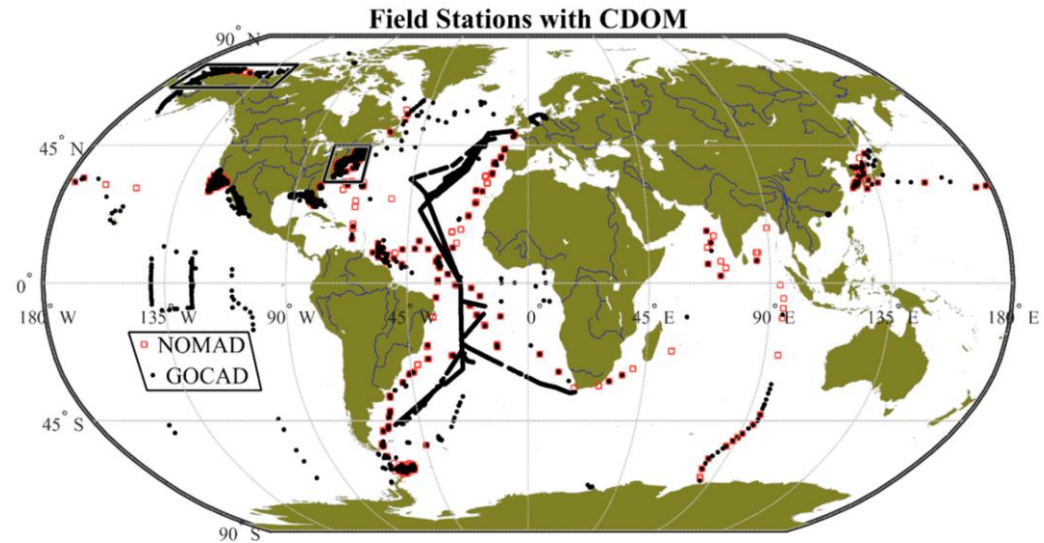
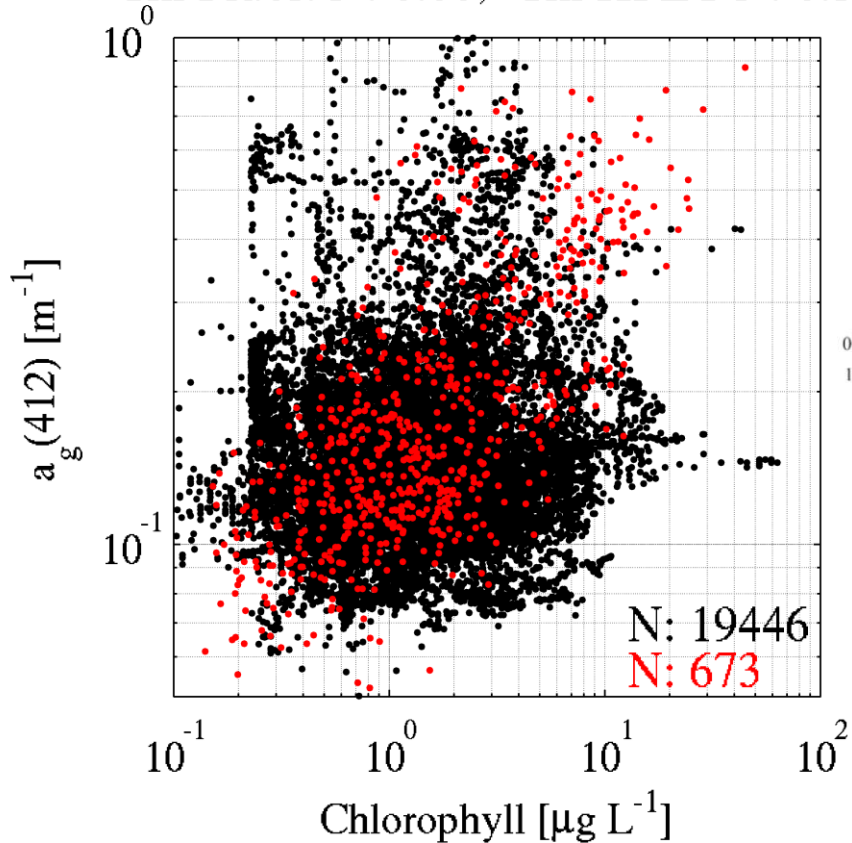
The issues/challenges of deep oceanic water:

NOAA/STAR/OCview



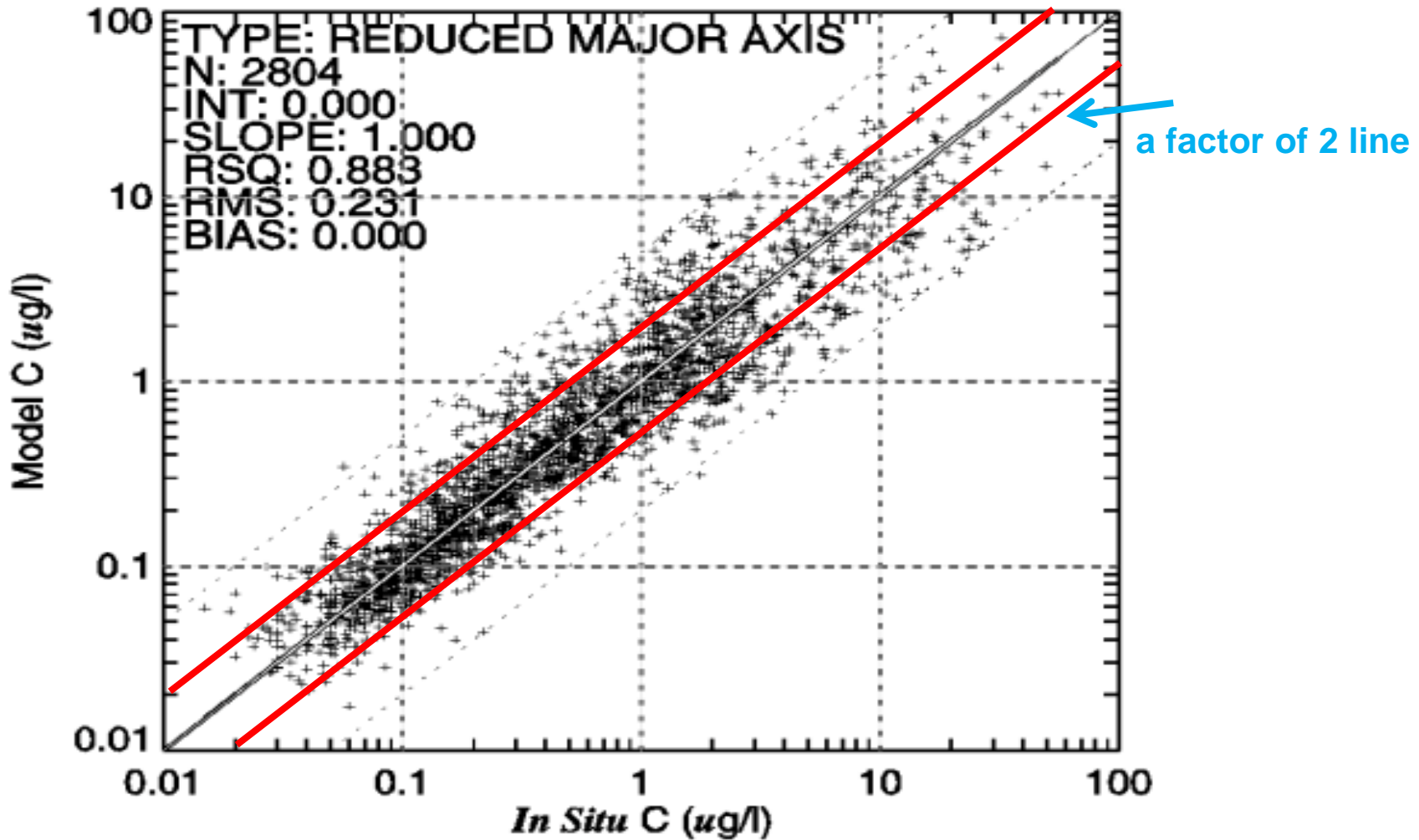
open-ocean also “complex” . . .

Chl Fluor. r^2 : 0.00; Chl HPLC r^2 : 0.37



Global Ocean Carbon Algorithm Database
(Incidental chlorophyll measurements;
Aurin et al. 2018)

$$\text{Model C} = \text{Fun}(\text{Rrs}(\lambda_1)/\text{Rrs}(\lambda_2))$$



“Chl” from Rrs ratio or Rrs difference == absorption coefficient

(Source: seawifs.gsfc.nasa.gov/SEAWIFS/RECAL/Repro3)

We have an obligation to reduce this variance in the next decade.

“intruders”: green/golden tides, oil spills, ‘new’ water from melted ice ...

New technological developments: Lidar, polarimetry

Important capacities or initiatives (the need) to advance ocean color sciences in “complex” waters (environments):

1. Data (Arctic, polarimetric, high-altitude lakes, spectral library of substrates ...) **Publish data!**
2. Further algorithmic development for all complex waters
3. Expand measurements/reporting (e.g., in situ R_{rs} in UV and NIR, VSF, hyperspectral b_b , to cover high turbidity, profiling (“bloom” below surface), MLD, T, S‰, Lidar data, etc.) – new instrumentation
4. “Protocols” to measure/report floating microalgae and oil ..
5. “Super” sites (long term and comprehensive measurements)
6. Tools for general/systematic studies (e.g., simulation system for Lidar)
7. Development, and training, of applications of IOPs

A Feature Issue in *Applied Optics*:

"Active and Passive Optical Remote Sensing of Aquatic Environment"